

III. Physiographic Regions of South Asia (page 404 - 407)

T _____

T _____

1) Monsoons – _____

T _____

2) Regions:

A. Northern Highlands – _____

T _____

B. River Lowlands – _____

T _____

C. Southern Plateaus – _____

T _____

IV. Locals and Invaders (page 407-408)

A. Indus Valley Civilization

Ganges Basin – _____

T _____

Cultural Hearth – _____

T _____

T _____

B) Incipient India (India from the beginning) (page 408)

Hinduism:

T _____

T _____

Buddhism:

T _____

C) Early Invaders (page 408-413)

Aryans – _____

T _____

Greeks – _____

T _____

Mauryan Empire -

T _____

T _____

Gupta Empire (320-540 AD) – _____

T _____
T _____

Islam – _____

T _____
T _____

Mughal Empire – _____

T _____

European Intrusion – _____

T _____

Trade: _____

T _____

T _____

Legacy: _____

T _____

T _____

Partition: _____

T _____

T _____

V. Population Dilemma – greatest growth on Earth (page 413 - 416)

A. Population Geography: _____

T _____

T _____

T _____

T _____

B. Demographic Transition: _____

Stage 1: _____

T _____

Stage 2 & 3: _____

T _____

T _____

Stage 4: _____

T _____

C. Prospects for South Asia: _____

T _____

D. India's Internal Geographic Variations: _____

T _____

T _____

Reasons for increases: _____

T _____

T _____

VI. South Asia's Burden of Poverty (page 416 - 417)

India: _____

T _____

Pakistan: _____

T _____

Bangladesh: _____

T _____

Children: _____

T _____

Girls: _____

T _____

VII. Latest Invasions – investments & politics(page 417)

India: _____

T _____

T _____

T _____

T _____

Pakistan: _____

T _____

T _____

Bangladesh: _____

T _____

Teacher Side Notes: (Not found in textbook)

Hinduism - _____

Buddhism - _____

Islam - _____

1. Hinduism

General Points of Interest:

Three Major tenets of Hinduism:

A. Reincarnation - _____

B. Karma - _____

C. Dharma - _____

Three basic practices of Hinduism:

Puja: _____

Cremation: _____

Caste system: _____

2. BUDDHISM – Siddhartha/Buddha

Four noble truths of Buddhism:

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

d. _____

Eightfold path to the middle way

Fall of Buddhism on the subcontinent

3. Islam is:

Uniform dogma - 5 pillars

1) Shahadah: _____

2) Salah: _____

3) Zakat: _____

4) Sawm during Ramadan: _____

5) Hajj: _____
